

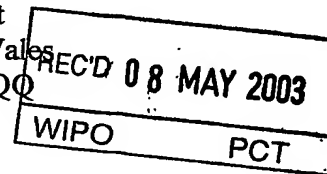
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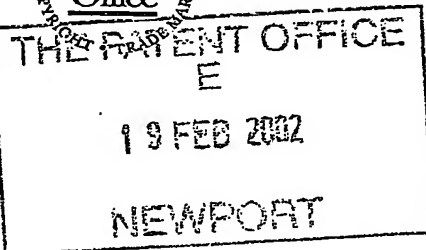
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CERAMASPEED LIMITED  
Zortech Avenue  
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Kidderminster  
Worcestershire DY11 7DY

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

UNITED KINGDOM

44 284 39002

4. Title of the invention

ELECTRIC HEATER ASSEMBLY

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

DEREK JACKSON ASSOCIATES

The Old Yard, Lower Town  
Claines  
Worcester WR3 7RY

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7737554001

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Country

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Date of filing  
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Number of earlier application

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Description 13

Claim(s) 5

Abstract 1

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

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12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

Derek Jackson - Tel : 01905 755180

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# ELECTRIC HEATER ASSEMBLY

This invention relates to electric heater assemblies for smooth top cooking appliances, particularly such

5 appliances having glass-ceramic cooking surfaces.

More particularly, the invention relates to such heater assemblies having heating elements arranged and connected such that separate heating zones are provided, namely a

10 first heating zone at least partially surrounded by at

least one second heating zone. A wall of thermal

insulation material is known to be provided to separate the heating zones.

15 The first heating zone usually comprises a main heating zone which can be operated alone. The at least one second heating zone comprises an auxiliary heating zone which is arranged to be operated together with the first heating zone.

20

In a known arrangement, the first heating zone is circular and is arranged concentrically with a surrounding second heating zone. In a further known arrangement, a circular first heating zone is bordered by

25 a substantially crescent-shaped second heating zone, to form an overall oval arrangement, or is bordered on

either side with two wing-like second heating zones, to form what is commonly referred to as an 'angel' arrangement.

5 When the first, or main, heating zone is operated alone, it is desirable that operation should be at optimum ~~maximum power in order to provide maximum efficiency of~~ operation, such as for boiling a liquid in a cooking vessel overlying the first heating zone. However, when  
10 this heating zone is operated with the second, or auxiliary, heating zone, the first heating zone may provide excessively high power relative to the second heating zone, leading to unsatisfactory heat distribution in the heater assembly. In the case of a concentric  
15 arrangement of the first and second heating zones, high power in the main central heating zone relative to the auxiliary outer heating zone provides what is known as a centre-weighted heat distribution, which can be undesirable.

20

In order to deal with this problem, it is known to provide an arrangement in which a further heating element is located with the heating element or elements in the outer heating zone of a heater assembly having a  
25 concentric arrangement of central and outer heating zones. When the central and outer zones are operated

together, the heating element or elements in the central heating zone is or are arranged to be electrically connected in series with the further heating element provided in the outer heating zone. This reduces the  
5 power in the central heating zone to an acceptable level, but allows the optimum full power of the central heating zone to be obtained when the central heating zone is operated alone, without the heating element or elements therein being connected in series with the further  
10 heating element. However, such an arrangement is complex and expensive to implement.

It is an object of the present invention to overcome or minimise this problem.

15

According to the present invention there is provided an electric heater assembly for a smooth top cooking appliance, the assembly comprising: a first heating zone provided with at least one first heating element, and at  
20 least one second heating zone provided with at least one second heating element, the at least one second heating zone at least partially surrounding the first heating zone; a first cyclic energy controller for energising the at least one first heating element from a power supply; a  
25 second cyclic energy controller for energising the at least one second heating element from the power supply;

the assembly being adapted whereby the first heating zone is operable alone with the first cyclic energy controller controlling power of the at least one first heating element at selected settings between a maximum duty cycle  
5 and a minimum duty cycle; the assembly being further adapted whereby the first and at least one second heating zones are operable together and such that in a selected full power operating condition of the assembly the second cyclic energy controller energises the at least one  
10 second heating element at substantially maximum duty cycle to provide a substantially maximum power in the at least one second heating zone, and the first cyclic energy controller energises the at least one first heating element at less than maximum duty cycle to  
15 provide less than maximum power in the first heating zone.

The heater assembly may be still further adapted whereby the first and second heating zones are operable together  
20 such that, at selected operating power conditions of the heater assembly, lower than the full power operating condition, a predetermined ratio is arranged between the duty cycle provided by the first cyclic energy controller and the duty cycle provided by the second cyclic energy  
25 controller.

The predetermined ration may be fixed. In such a case, the predetermined ratio may be that obtaining at the full power operating condition of the heater assembly and may be maintained down to a low power operating condition of the heater assembly limited by a minimum duty cycle achievable by the first cyclic energy controller. When such low power operating condition of the heater assembly is reached, a lower power operating condition of the heater assembly may be obtained by maintaining, at its minimum value, the duty cycle set by the first cyclic energy controller and further reducing the duty cycle provided by the second cyclic energy controller whereby a further predetermined ratio is established between the duty cycles provided by the first and second cyclic energy controllers.

In an alternative arrangement, the predetermined ratio may be variable. In such a case, the ratio may be arranged to vary in predetermined manner whereby it is gradually changed from an initial value, obtaining at the full power operating condition of the heater assembly, to a final value, obtaining at a lowest power operating condition of the heater assembly. The final value of the ratio may be substantially unity, achieved by operating both the first and the second cyclic energy controllers to provide substantially minimum and matched duty cycles.



In the selected full power operating condition of the heater assembly, the second cyclic energy controller may be arranged to energise the at least one second heating element at substantially 100 percent duty cycle, with the  
5 first cyclic energy controller arranged to energise the at least one first heating element at about 80 percent  
duty cycle.

---

The first and second cyclic energy controllers may  
10 comprise first and second cycling energy regulators or first and second cycling relays.

The first and second cyclic energy controllers may be operated by a microprocessor-based control system which  
15 may be associated with manual input selection means.

The first heating zone may comprise a main heating zone, with the at least one second heating zone comprising at least one auxiliary heating zone.

20

The first heating zone may be circular and arranged concentrically with and surrounded by one or more second heating zones.

25 Alternatively, the first heating zone may be circular and partially bordered by one or two second heating zones.

The first and second heating zones may be separated by a wall of thermal insulation material.

The smooth top cooking appliance may comprise a glass-  
5 ceramic cooking surface.

By means of the present invention, an electric heater assembly is provided in which a first, or main, heating zone is operable alone at optimum power, but is  
10 automatically reduced in simple manner to a desired lower power when operated together with at least one associated second, or auxiliary, heating zone. Furthermore, a desired ratio between the heating powers of the first and second heating zones is readily obtained, at selected  
15 settings of the heater assembly, over the operating range of the heater assembly.

For a better understanding of the present invention and to show more clearly how it may be carried into effect,  
20 reference will now be made, by way of example, to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic plan view of an embodiment of an electric heater assembly according to the present  
25 invention; and

Figures 2 and 3 are plan views of alternative heater arrangements for use in the assembly of Figure 1.

In an electric heater assembly 2, a radiant electric heater 4 is provided for location beneath a glass-ceramic cooking surface 6 in a cooking appliance. The heater 4 has a metal dish 8 containing a layer 10 of thermal and electrical insulation material, such as microporous thermal and electrical insulation material. A ring-shaped wall 12 of thermal insulation material extends peripherally around the heater and a ring-shaped inner wall 14 is optionally provided concentrically with the peripheral wall 12.

Two concentric heating zones are provided in the heater, a first main heating zone 16 being surrounded by a second auxiliary heating zone 18. A first heating element 20 of well known form is arranged in the first heating zone 16 and a second heating element 22 of well known form is similarly arranged in the second heating zone 18.

Multiple first and second heating elements 20, 22 could be provided in the first and second heating zones 16, 18, if desired.

The first heating element 20 is electrically connected by leads 24 to a first cyclic energy controller 26, by means

of which the first heating element 20 is energised from a power supply 28.

The second heating element 22 is electrically connected  
5 by leads 30 to a second cyclic energy controller 32, by means of which the second heating element 22 is energised from the power supply 28.

The first and second cyclic energy controllers 26, 32  
10 comprise first and second cycling energy regulators or first and second cycling relays. They are arranged to be operated by a microprocessor-based control system 34 which is associated with a manual input selection means 36 by means of which desired power settings of the heater  
15 4 can be entered and also selection of the heating elements for energising.

The heater assembly 2 is arranged whereby the first heating element 20 can be energised alone, to operate  
20 only the first heating zone 16, or can be energised together with the second heating element 22, to operate both the first and the second heating zones 16 and 18. When the first heating zone 16 is operated alone, the first cyclic energy controller 26 operates to control the  
25 power of the first heating element 20, at selected settings of the input selection means 36, between a

maximum duty cycle and a minimum duty cycle. Full power of the first heating element 20 is arranged at maximum duty cycle of the first cyclic energy controller 26 and is arranged to provide optimum heating performance of the first heating zone 16 when a cooking vessel (not shown) is located on the cooking surface 6 overlying the first heating zone 16.

When the first and second heating zones 16, 18 are operated together, it is arranged that in a selected full power operating condition of the assembly 2 the second cyclic energy controller 32 energises the second heating element 22 at substantially maximum duty cycle, namely 100 percent duty cycle, to provide a substantially maximum power in the second heating zone 18. At the same time, in this operating condition of the assembly 2, the first cyclic energy controller 26 is arranged to energise the first heating element 20 at less than maximum duty cycle to provide less than maximum power in the first heating zone 16. Such less than maximum duty cycle may be suitably about 80 percent duty cycle. In the absence of such reduction in power in the first heating zone 16, the maximum power available in the first heating zone 16 would result in the first heating zone 16 being much hotter than the second heating zone 18, resulting in the heater 4 having a heat distribution undesirably weighted

towards the centre. By means of the reduction in power in the first heating zone 16, a better heat distribution is achieved.

5 A further feature of the heater assembly 2 is available when the first and second heating zones 16, 18 are operated together. It is provided that as operating power conditions of the heater assembly 2 lower than the full power operating condition are selected, a  
10 predetermined fixed or varying ratio is arranged between the duty cycle provided by the first cyclic energy  
controller 26 and the duty cycle provided by the second  
cyclic energy controller 32. The predetermined ratio can  
be that obtaining at the full power operating condition  
15 of the heater assembly 2 and can be substantially fixed and maintained down to a low power operating condition of the heater assembly 2 limited by a minimum duty cycle achievable by the first cyclic energy controller 26.  
When such low power operating condition of the heater  
20 assembly 2 is reached, a lower power operating condition of the heater assembly 2 can be obtained by maintaining, at its minimum value, the duty cycle set by the first cyclic energy controller 26 and further reducing the duty cycle provided by the second cyclic energy controller 32,  
25 whereby a further predetermined ratio is established between the duty cycles provided by the first and second

cyclic energy controllers 26, 32. This enables a lower overall minimum power to be obtained from the heater assembly 2, although the heat distribution would become more weighted towards the centre of the heater. Since the power is low, this is unlikely to adversely affect cooking performance on the heater 4.

In an alternative arrangement, the ratio between the duty cycles provided by the first and second cyclic energy controllers 26 and 32 can be arranged to vary in predetermined manner whereby the ratio is gradually changed from an initial value, obtaining at the selected full power operating condition of the heater assembly 2, to a final value obtaining at the selected lowest power operating condition of the heater assembly 2. The final value of the ratio can be arranged to be substantially unity, achieved by operating both the first and the second cyclic energy controllers 26 and 32 to provide substantially minimum and matched (i.e. the same) duty cycles.

The heater assembly 2 of the present invention is not limited to the heater 4 having a concentric arrangement of first 16 and second 18 heating zones. As shown in Figure 2, an alternative heater 4A for use in the assembly 2 of Figure 1 comprises an oval metal dish 8

with a layer 10 of thermal insulation material. A first main heating zone 16, having a first heating element 20, is bordered by a crescent-shaped second auxiliary heating zone 18, having a second heating element 22. A

5 peripheral wall 12 of thermal insulation material is provided and a further wall portion 14 of thermal insulation material divides the two heating zones 16, 18. The first heating element 20 has leads 24 for connection to the first cyclic energy controller 26 of Figure 1 and  
10 the second heating element 22 has leads 30 for connection to the second cyclic energy controller 32 of Figure 1.

Operation of the resulting heater assembly is substantially the same as that previously described with reference to Figure 1.

15

As shown in Figure 3, a further alternative heater 4B for use in the assembly 2 of Figure 1 is similar to that shown in Figure 2 with the exception that two second auxiliary heating zones 18 are provided bordering a first  
20 main heating zone 16. Heating elements 22 in the second heating zones 18 are connected in series or in parallel and have leads 30 for connection to the second cyclic energy controller 32 of Figure 1. Heating element 20, in the first heating zone 16, has leads 24 for connection to  
25 the first cyclic energy controller 26 of Figure 1.



CLAIMS

1. An electric heater assembly for a smooth top cooking  
appliance, the assembly comprising: a first heating zone  
5 provided with at least one first heating element, and at  
least one second heating zone provided with at least one  
second heating element, the at least one second heating  
zone at least partially surrounding the first heating  
zone; a first cyclic energy controller for energising the  
10 at least one first heating element from a power supply; a  
second cyclic energy controller for energising the at  
least one second heating element from the power supply;  
the assembly being adapted whereby the first heating zone  
is operable alone with the first cyclic energy controller  
15 controlling power of the at least one first heating  
element at selected settings between a maximum duty cycle  
and a minimum duty cycle; the assembly being further  
adapted whereby the first and at least one second heating  
zones are operable together and such that in a selected  
20 full power operating condition of the assembly the second  
cyclic energy controller energises the at least one  
second heating element at substantially maximum duty  
cycle to provide a substantially maximum power in the at  
least one second heating zone, and the first cyclic  
25 energy controller energises the at least one first  
heating element at less than maximum duty cycle to

provide less than maximum power in the first heating zone.

2. An assembly as claimed in claim 1, wherein the  
5 heater assembly is further adapted whereby the first and second heating zones are operable together such that, at selected operating power conditions of the heater assembly, lower than the full power operating condition, a predetermined fixed or varying ratio is arranged  
10 between the duty cycle provided by the first cyclic energy controller and the duty cycle provided by the second cyclic energy controller.

3. An assembly as claimed in claim 2, wherein the ratio  
15 is fixed.

4. An assembly as claimed in claim 3, wherein the predetermined ratio is that obtaining at the full power operating condition of the heater assembly.

20

5. An assembly as claimed in claim 3 or 4, wherein the predetermined ratio is maintained down to a low power operating condition of the heater assembly limited by a minimum duty cycle achievable by the first cyclic energy  
25 controller.

6. An assembly as claimed in claim 5, wherein when such  
low power operating condition of the heater assembly is  
reached, a lower power operating condition of the heater  
assembly is obtained by maintaining, at its minimum  
5 value, the duty cycle set by the first cyclic energy  
controller and further reducing the duty cycle provided  
~~by the second cyclic energy controller whereby a further~~  
predetermined ratio is established between the duty  
cycles provided by the first and second cyclic energy  
10 controllers.

7. An assembly as claimed in claim 3, wherein the ratio  
is variable.

15 8. An assembly as claimed in claim 7, wherein the ratio  
is arranged to vary in predetermined manner whereby it is  
gradually changed from an initial value, obtaining at the  
full power operating condition of the heater assembly, to  
a final value, obtaining at a lowest power operating  
20 condition of the heater assembly.

9. An assembly as claimed in claim 8, wherein the final  
value of the ratio is substantially unity, achieved by  
operating both the first and second cyclic energy  
25 controllers to provide substantially minimum and matched  
duty cycles.

10. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim,  
wherein in the selected full power operating condition of  
the heater assembly, the second cyclic energy controller  
is arranged to energise the at least one second heating  
5 element at substantially 100 percent duty cycle, with the  
first cyclic energy controller arranged to energise the  
at least one first heating element at about 80 percent  
duty cycle.

10 11. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim,  
wherein the first and second cyclic energy controllers  
comprise first and second cycling energy regulators or  
first and second cycling relays.

15 12. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim,  
wherein the first and second cyclic energy controllers  
are operated by a microprocessor-based control system.

13. An assembly as claimed in claim 12, wherein the  
20 microprocessor-based control system is associated with  
manual input selection means.

14. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim,  
wherein the first heating zone comprises a main heating  
25 zone, with the at least one second heating zone  
comprising at least one auxiliary heating zone.

15. An assembly as claimed in claim 14, wherein the first heating zone is circular and arranged concentrically with and surrounded by one or more second heating zones. --

5

16. An assembly as claimed in claim 14, wherein the ~~first heating zone is circular and partially bordered by~~  
one or two second heating zones.

10 17. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim, wherein the first and second heating zones are separated by a wall of thermal insulation material.

18. An assembly as claimed in any preceding claim,  
15 wherein the smooth top cooking appliance comprises a glass-ceramic cooking surface.

19. An electric heater assembly substantially as  
hereinbefore described with reference to, and as shown  
20 in, the accompanying drawings.

ABSTRACT

ELECTRIC HEATER ASSEMBLY

5 An electric heater assembly (2) for a smooth top cooking  
appliance comprises first and second heating zones (16  
and 18) provided with first and second heating elements  
(20 and 22), respectively, the second heating zone (18)  
at least partially surrounding the first heating zone  
10 (16). First and second energy controllers (26 and 32)  
energise the first and second heating elements (20 and  
22), respectively, from a power supply (28). The first  
heating zone (16) is operable alone with the first cyclic  
energy controller (26) controlling power of the first  
15 heating element (20) at selected settings between a  
maximum duty cycle and a minimum duty cycle. The first  
and second heating zones (16, 18) are operable together  
such that, in a selected full power operating condition  
of the assembly, the second cyclic energy controller (32)  
20 energises the second heating element (22) at  
substantially maximum duty cycle to provide a  
substantially maximum power in the second heating zone  
(18), and the first cyclic energy controller (26)  
energises the first heating element (20) at less than  
25 maximum duty cycle to provide less than maximum power in  
the first heating zone (16).

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